

The Challenges

- Harlan County Lake continues filling with sediment
- The water supply into Harlan County Lake is shrinking
- Plan for proper use of reservoir resources among competing purposes
- Address uses in water-short periods

The Opportunities

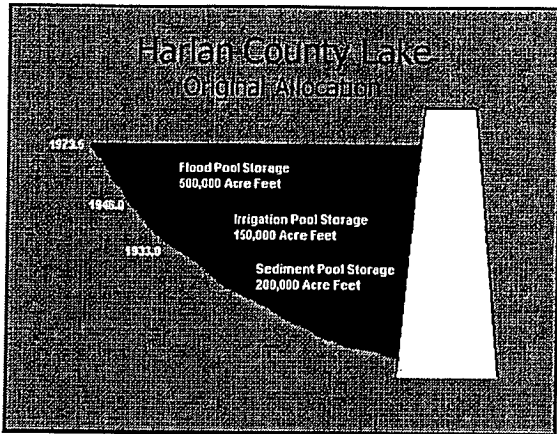
- Refine annual water supply forecast
- Define future operations of lake
- Share the shrinking water supply
- Identify areas impacted by decreasing inflow
- Address long term remedies

Why A Consensus Plan Now?

- Long-term water supply contract renewal
- Eliminate crisis management
 - (1991-92 drought experience)
- Better resource management

Consensus Plan

- Revise operating procedures
- Adjust storage for sediment
- Examine lake operation and maintenance cost methodology
- Address long-term issues
 - Republican River Compact compliance
 - Depleted inflows
 - Irrigation efficiency
 - Balance all project purposes

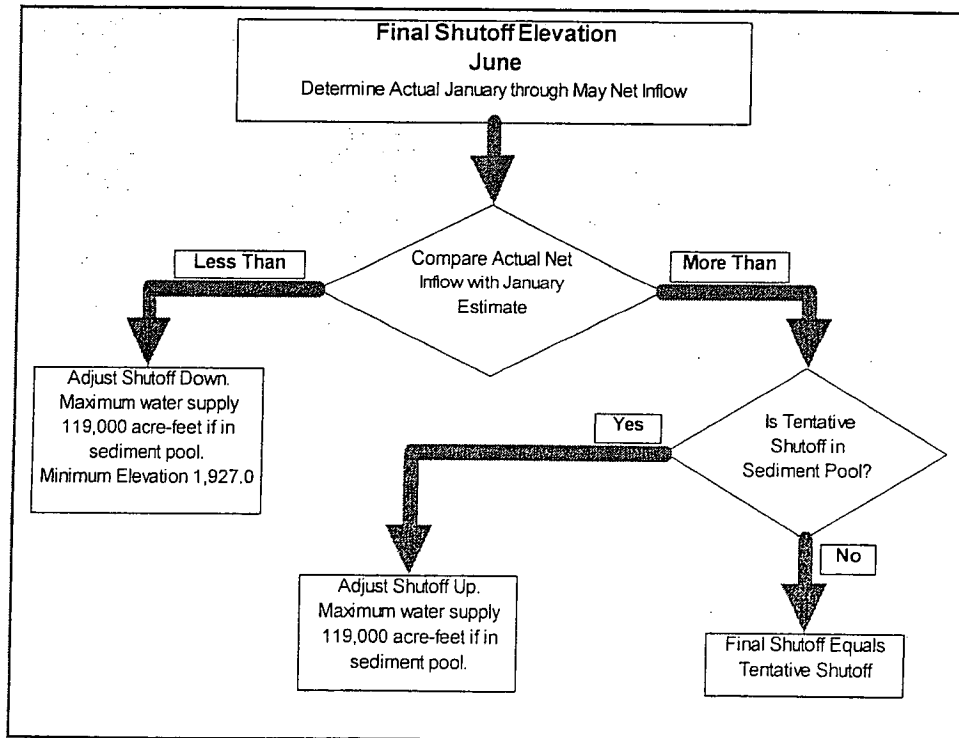
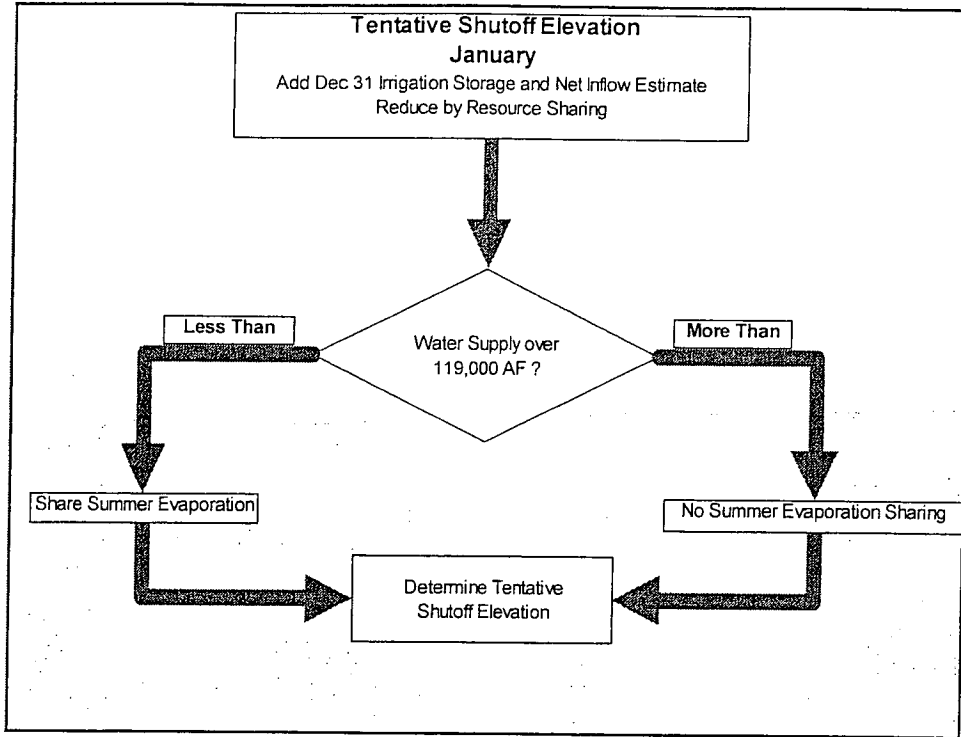


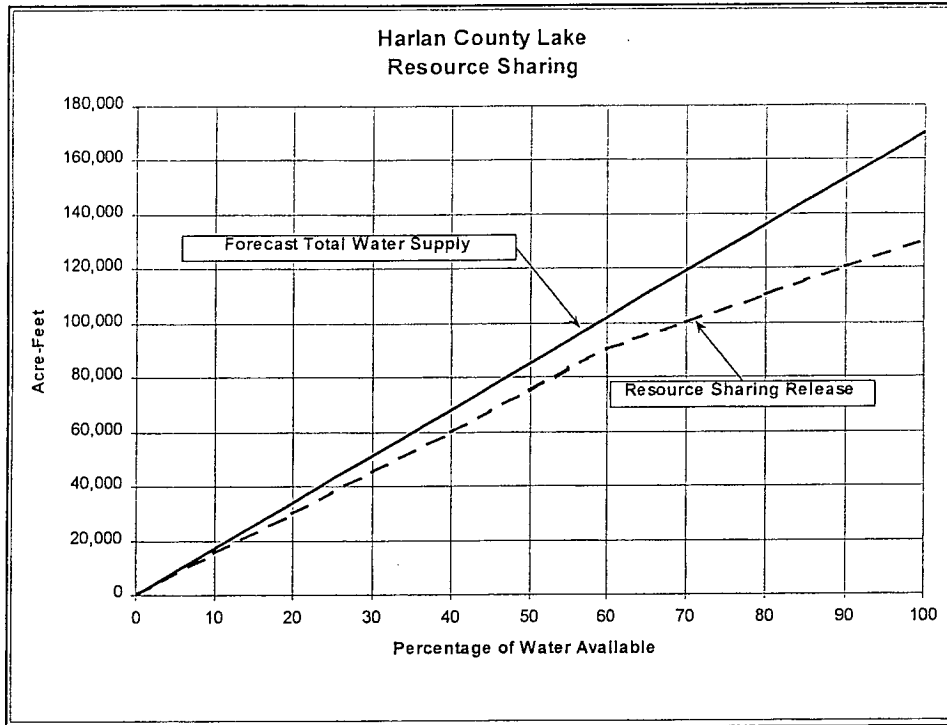
The Revised Operating Plan Components

- Estimate current sediment accumulation
- Forecast water supply
- Share water supply
- Low inflow adjustment (sediment pool)
- No irrigation release below 1,927.0 under the operational agreement of the contract

What's New?

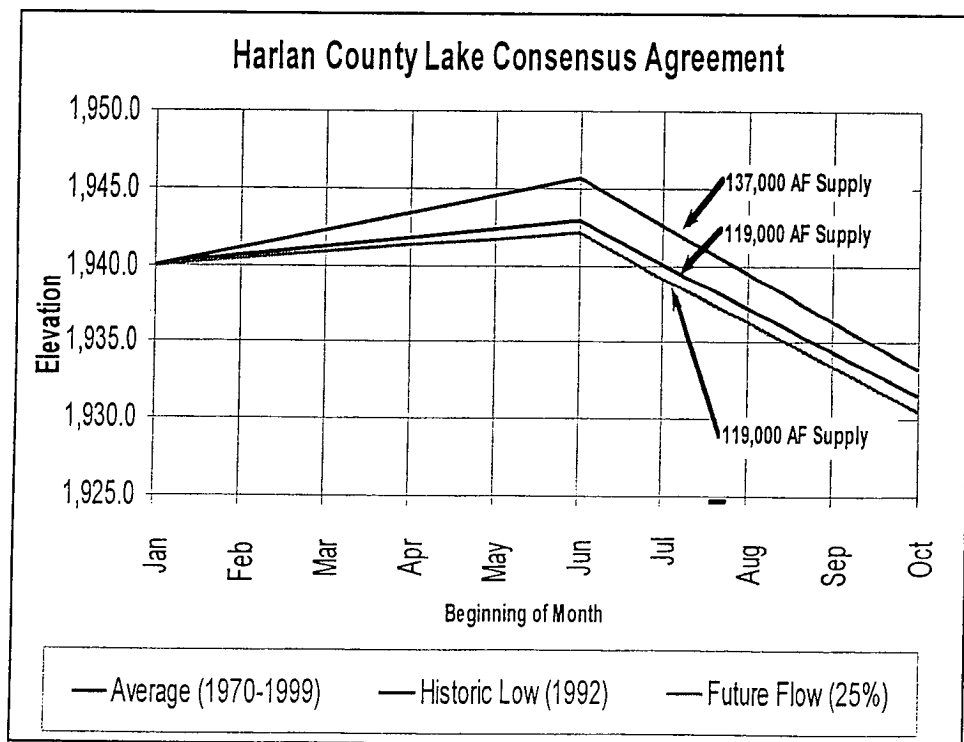
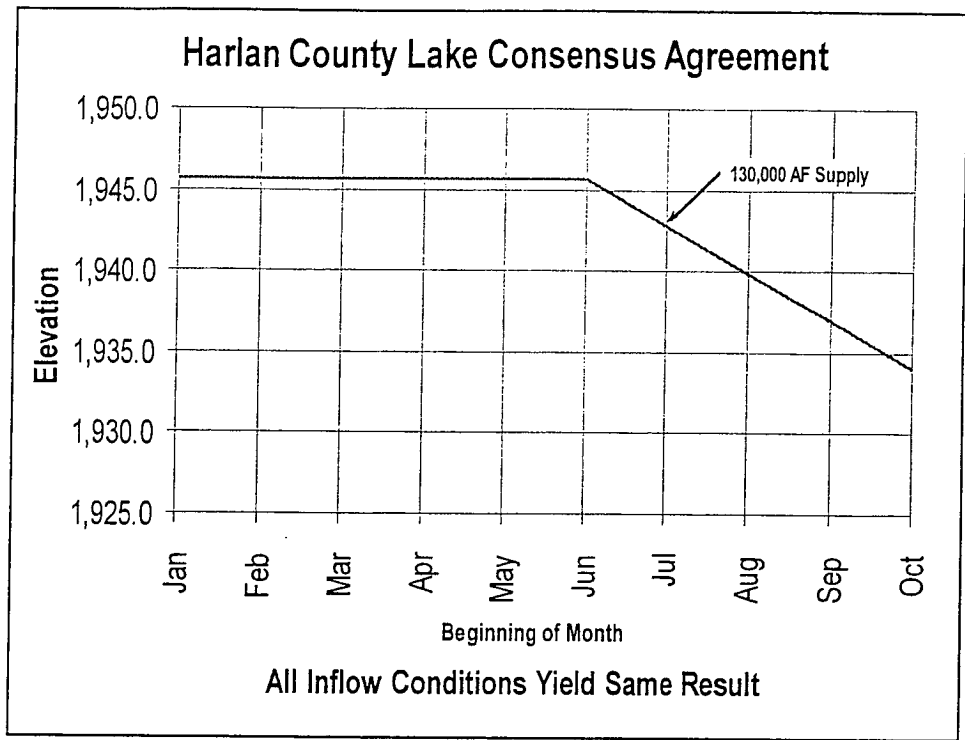
- Share summer evaporation losses
- Formalized, consistent approach for use of sediment storage
- Shares available water supply

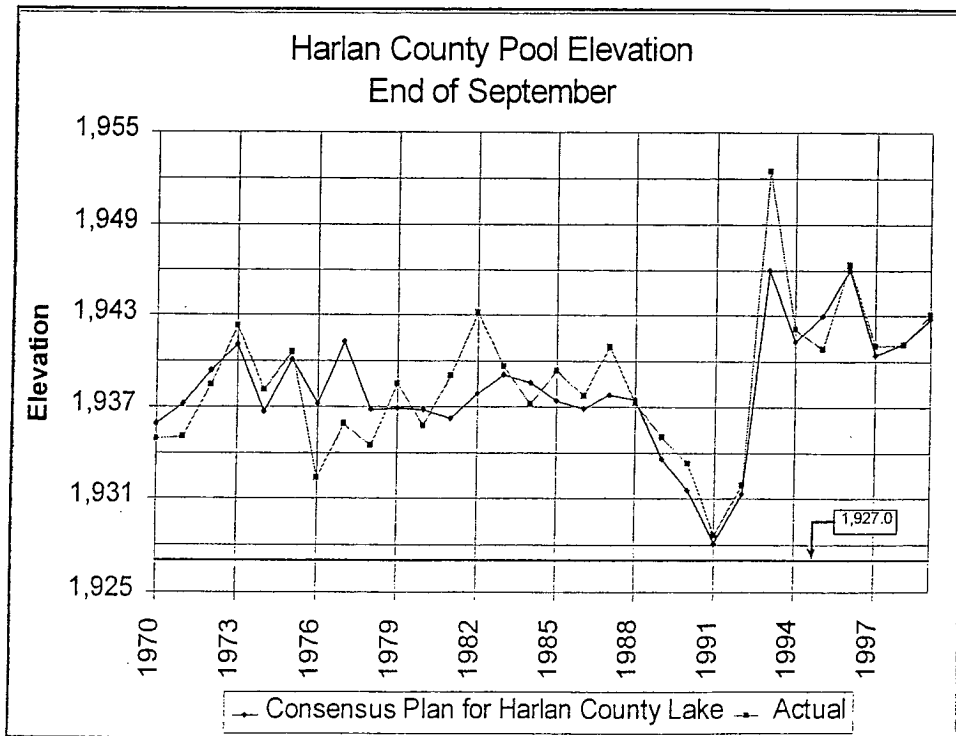
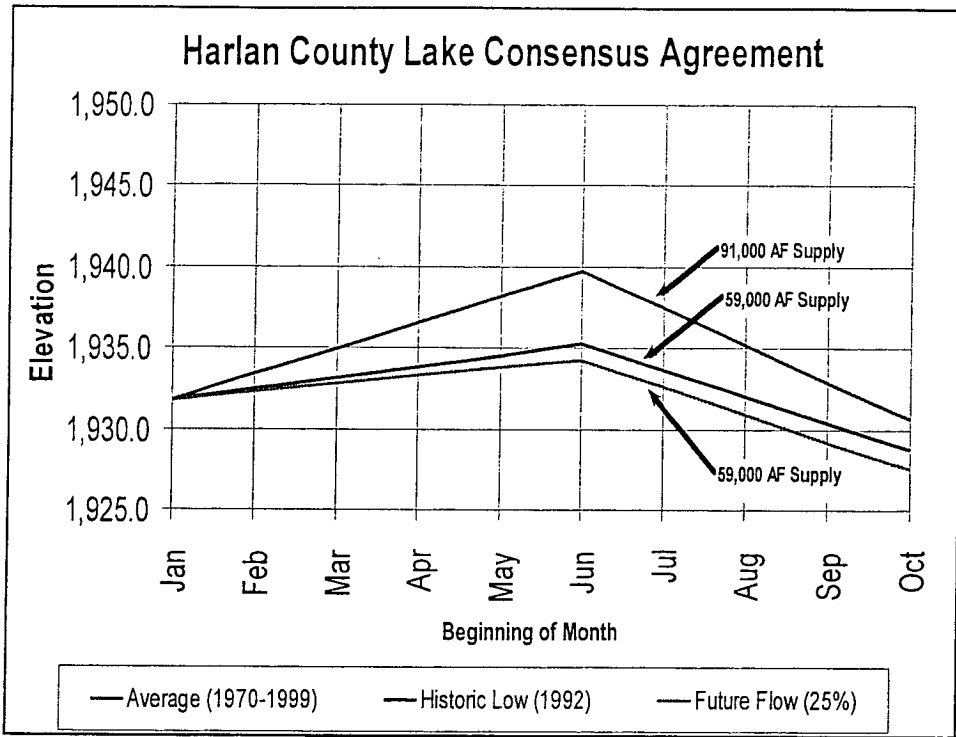




HARLAN COUNTY LAKE CONSENSUS AGREEMENT

December Pool Elevation (Feet)	January Declared Irrigation Water (Acre-Feet)	Actual January-May Inflow	End of May Elevation (Feet)	May Stored Irrigation (Acre-Feet)	Shut Off Elevation (Feet)
1,945.7	130,000	Average (1970-1999)	1,945.7	130,000	1,934.0
		Historic Low (1992)	1,945.7	130,000	1,934.0
		Future Flow (25%)	1,945.7	130,000	1,934.0
1,940.0	119,000	Average (1970-1999)	1,945.7	137,000	1,933.2
		Historic Low (1992)	1,942.9	119,000	1,931.6
		Future Flow (25%)	1,942.1	119,000	1,930.5
1,935.0	86,000	Average (1970-1999)	1,942.5	118,000	1,931.0
		Historic Low (1992)	1,938.3	86,000	1,929.2
		Future Flow (25%)	1,937.4	86,000	1,928.0
1,931.8	59,000	Average (1970-1999)	1,939.7	91,000	1,930.6
		Historic Low (1992)	1,935.2	59,000	1,928.8
		Future Flow (25%)	1,934.3	59,000	1,927.5
1,930.0	46,000	Average (1970-1999)	1,938.3	78,000	1,930.4
		Historic Low (1992)	1,933.7	46,000	1,928.5
		Future Flow (25%)	1,932.7	46,000	1,927.2
1,927.0	28,000	Average (1970-1999)	1,938.1	58,000	1,930.0
		Historic Low (1992)	1,931.1	28,000	1,928.0
		Future Flow (25%)	1,930.1	28,000	1,927.0





Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) Process

- Develop and analyze alternatives
- Draft EIS published and public comment
- Revised Preferred Alternative based on contract negotiations and public comment
- Published Technical Report and reopened comment period
- Publish final EIS/sign Record of Decision

Technical Report Process

- Identify differences between the "No Action" alternative and the consensus plan on Harlan County Lake
- Publish Technical Report on effects of the consensus plan
- Include comments in the Republican River final EIS
- Sign Record of Decision
- Include consensus plan in Harlan County Lake Regulation Manual

Technical Report Conclusions

- Plan closely follows historic operations
- No significant resource effects compared to "No Action" alternative
- Monitor & react to changing conditions

Timeline

- Early April - Final contracts proofed and internal review
- April 22 - Comment period closed on draft EIS
- Early May - Public review and 60-day comment period on contracts
- Early June - Final EIS and Draft Record of Decision (ROD) out for 30-day public review
- Mid-July - ROD signed (closes the EIS process)
- July 2000 - Contracts executed

Now What?

- Tonight: Comments, Questions and Input
- Written comments through April 22, 2000

